

Nebraska AAHC Review Session

Info about Mildred Brown (favorite color is red)

Nebraska became a Territory in 1854 (Nebraska-Kansas Act), statehood in 1867, messed up the missouri compromise

Territorial Motto - Popular Sovereignty - allow the inhabitants to vote on slavery

State Motto - Equality Before the Law (blacks and women included)

Nebraska Kansas Act - created territory that upset the balance of free vs. slave states, created the republican party, lit fuse that caused the civil war.

NE first state admitted to US after civil war,

1862 homestead act

Period of settlement beginning in the 1870s, blacks coming for homesteads, etc.

20th century - some homesteaders did very well

early 20th, indiana became "home" for KKK

Whitney Young - ran urban league in 1950s, first AA admin at University of Nebraska, part of DePorres Club (early civil rights movement)

18th - pbs has special on whitney young

Great plains black history museum

Race Riot of 1919 - will brown

Omaha Guide Newspaper more political than Omaha Star newspaper

24th & Lake center of black community

Jewel building, current headquarters of 100 black men

Union Pacific railroad helped put Omaha on the map

Hubert Humphrey - Vice President under Lyndon Johnson

Father Markoe - civil rights activist

Denny Holland - student president of DePorres Club on Creighton U.

DePorres Club gets kicked off CU and headquarters relocate to the Omah Star

If at the end of the night, a white woman was left on the bus by herself, she would not be considered safe if there were a black driver.

Black Panthers (of self defense) 1969 - riots, burning down of 24th street, that area has not fully recovered to this date.

Margeuritte Washington, niece of milred brown, currently publisher of Omaha Star